

2017 Canandaigua Lake Sampling and Monitoring Program

Report to the Canandaigua Lake Watershed Council
April 4, 2018



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Goals of the Sampling and Monitoring Program

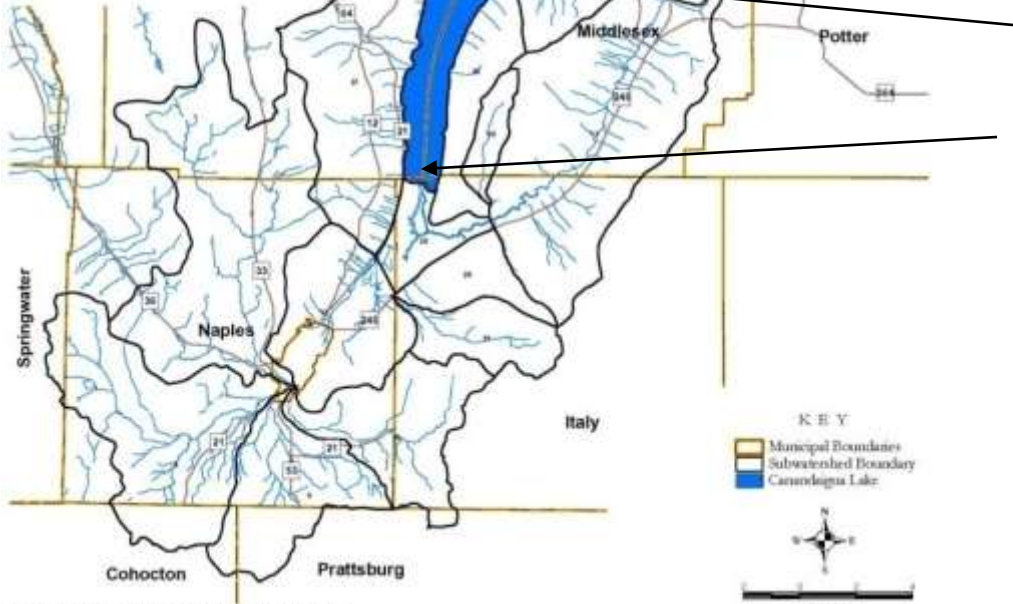
- Add to the long-term database, critical for trend analyses of changes in the health and quality of Canandaigua Lake
- Lake attributes that are monitored each year since 1996
 - Water quality profiles: temperature, dissolved oxygen, pH, conductivity, blue-green algal cell counts (added 2016)
 - Water clarity
 - Lake nutrients
 - Lake algal productivity
- Special projects completed in 2017
 - Macrophyte rake toss survey
 - Population status of *Dreissenid* mussels
 - active watch for harmful algal blooms (HABs)
- Provide advice to the Watershed Program Manager and Technician

} Discussed at the February 7 Watershed Council meeting

CANANDAIGUA LAKE - SUBWATERSHED &
DIRECT DRAINAGE BASINS

Subwatersheds

1. Sudler Brook
2. Tichenor Gully
3. Merrill Gully
4. Barnes Gully
5. Seneca Point Gully
6. Nick's Point
7. Grimes Creek
8. Endicot Creek
9. Rosemont Creek
10. Terrace Creek
11. Plank Gully
12. Lower Naples Creek
13. Lower West River
14. Middle West River
15. Upper West River
16. Clark Gully
17. Vine Valley
18. Fisher Gully
19. Gage Gully
20. Deep Run
21. Fall Brook
22. Butler Road
23. Fisher Road
24. Droul Road
25. Coy Road
26. 550 Hill
27. South Bristol
28. West River - Naples Creek Junction
29. 14-Tw
30. South Hill
31. Barn Hill
32. Jones Road
33. Cottage City
34. Lincoln Hill



Fallbrook (FB)

Hope Point (HP)

Deep Run (DR)

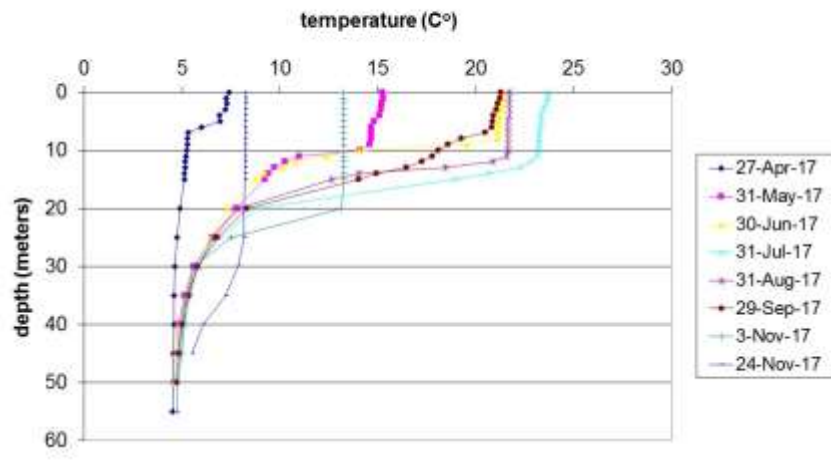
mid-lake locations

Seneca Point (SP)

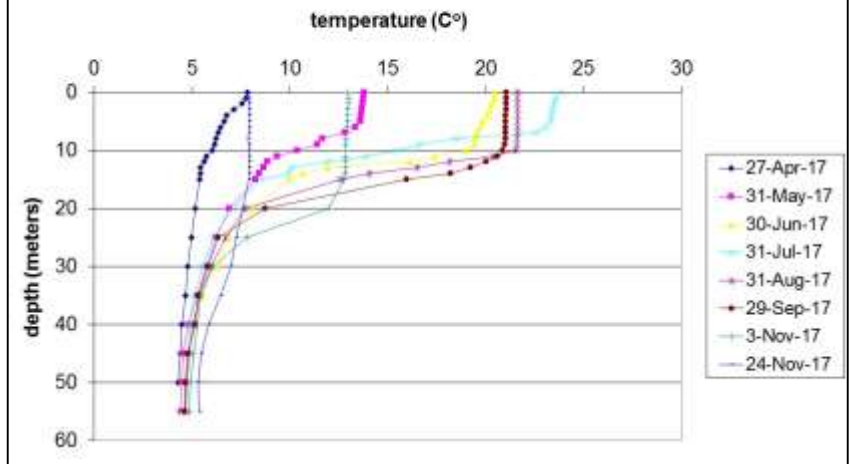
Vine Valley (VV)

West River (WR)

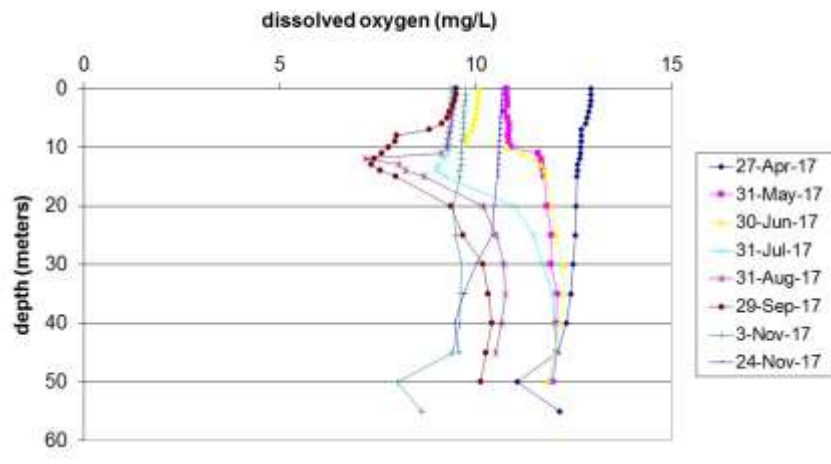
Deep Run Profile



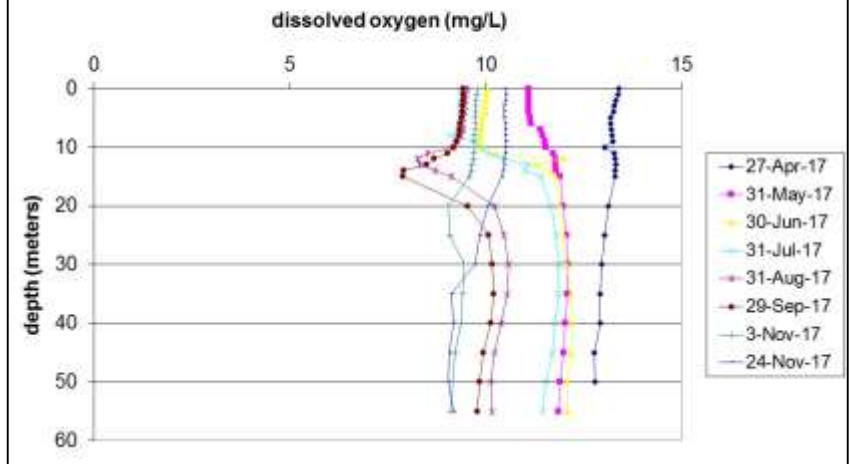
Seneca Point Profile



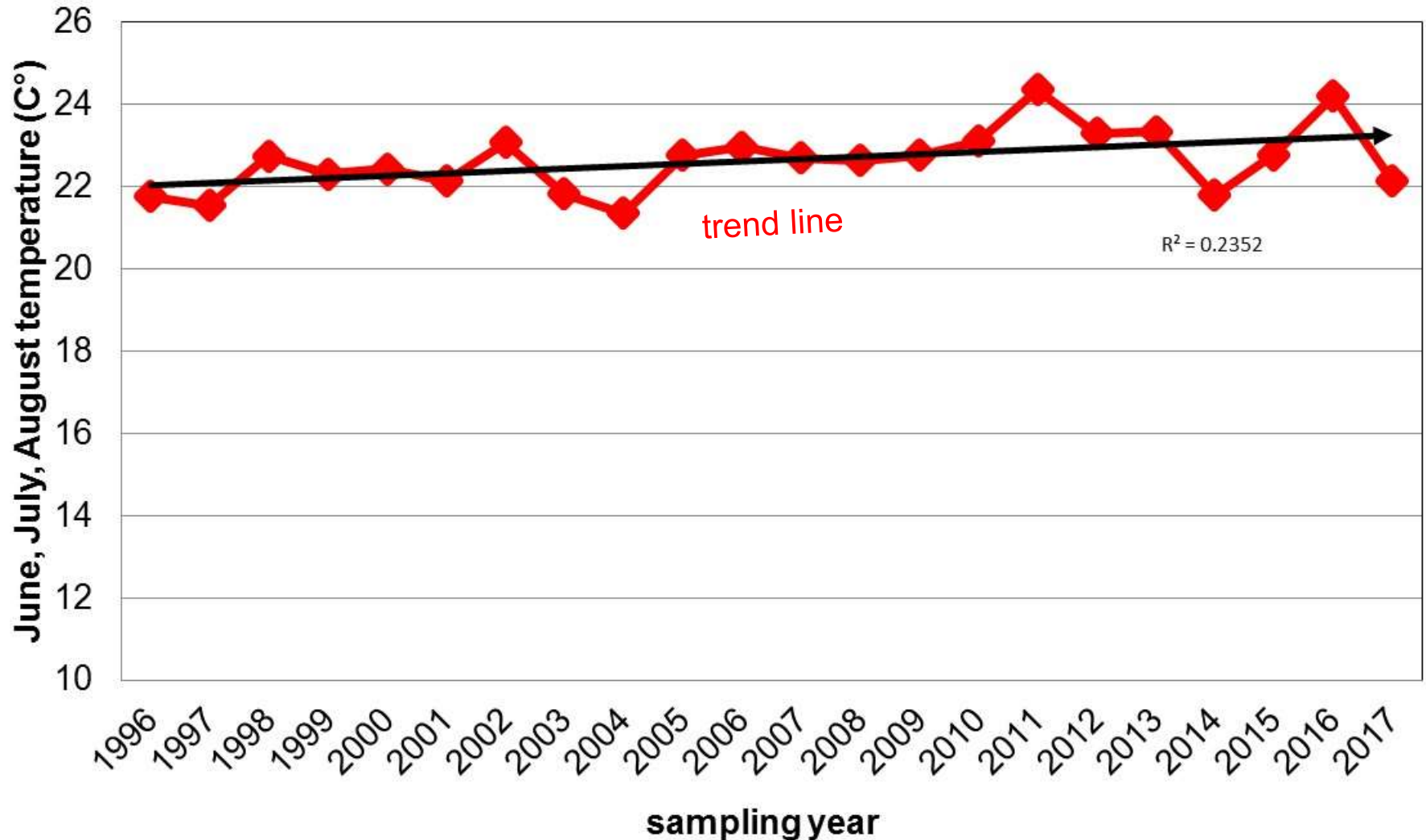
Deep Run Profile



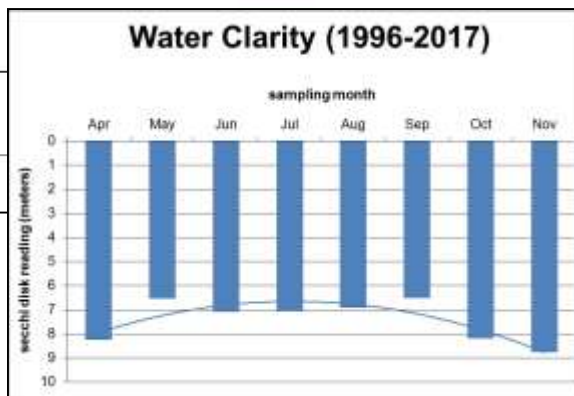
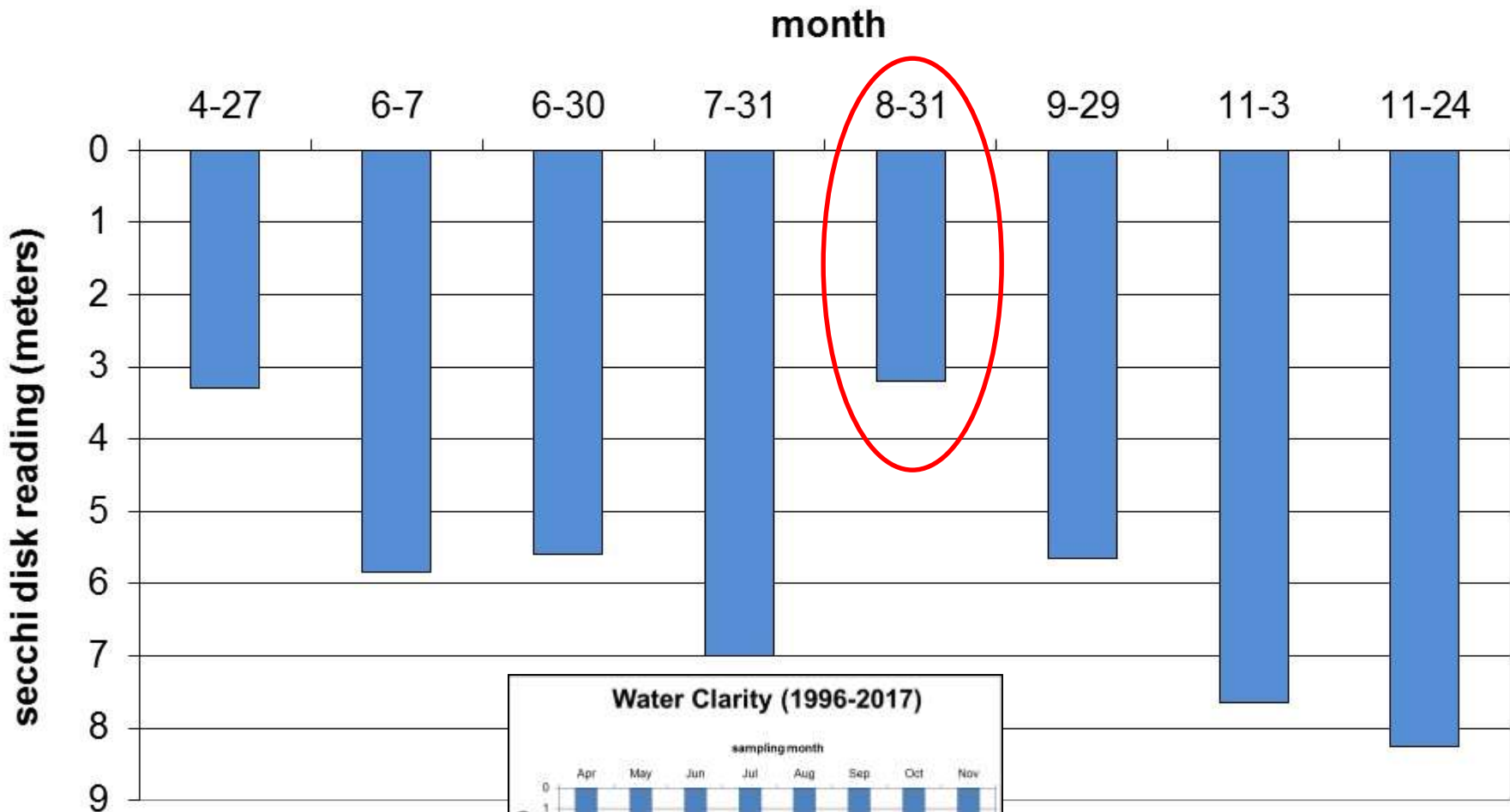
Seneca Point Profile



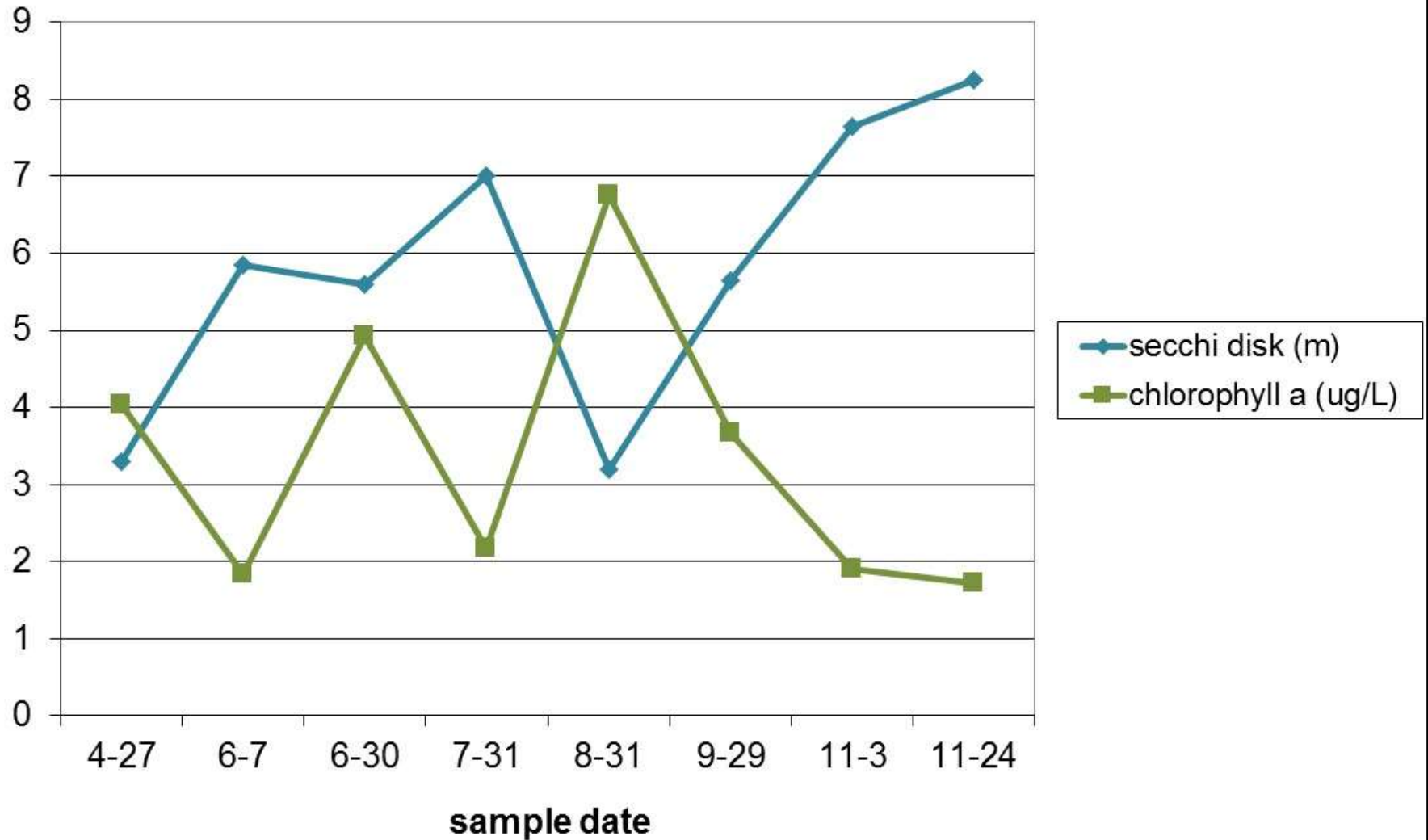
Summer Surface Temperatures (1996-2017)



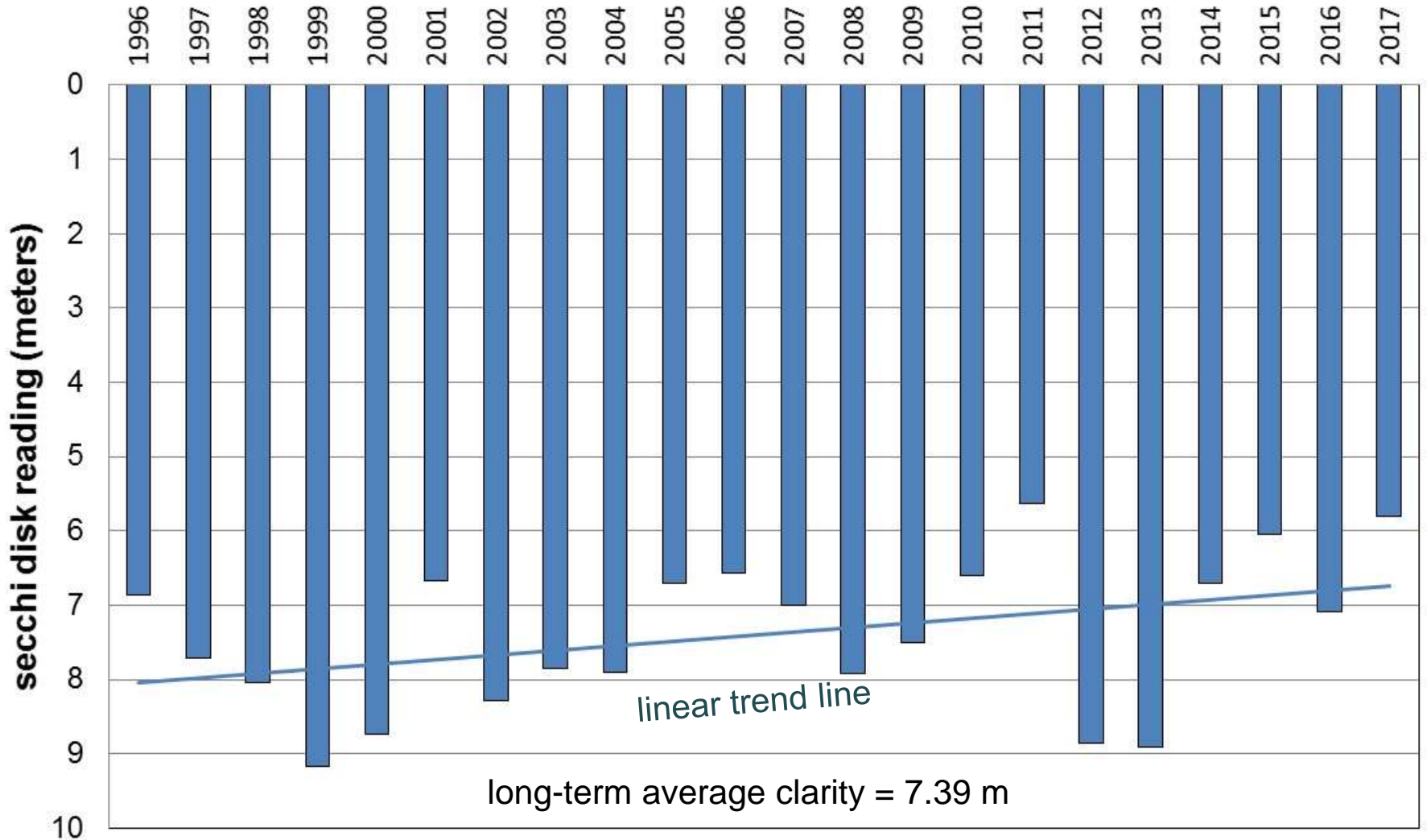
Lake Clarity (2017)



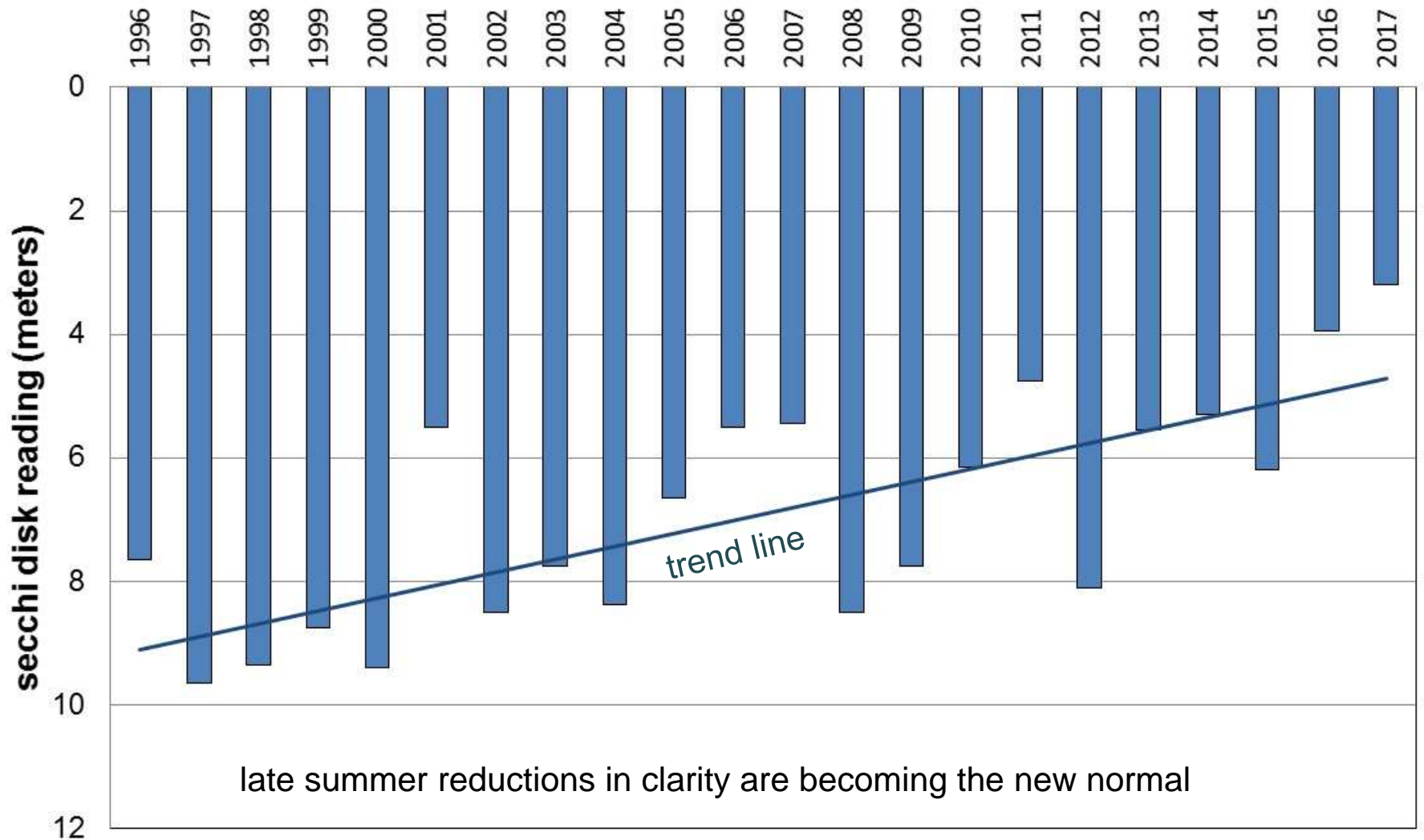
Water Quality Trends (2017)



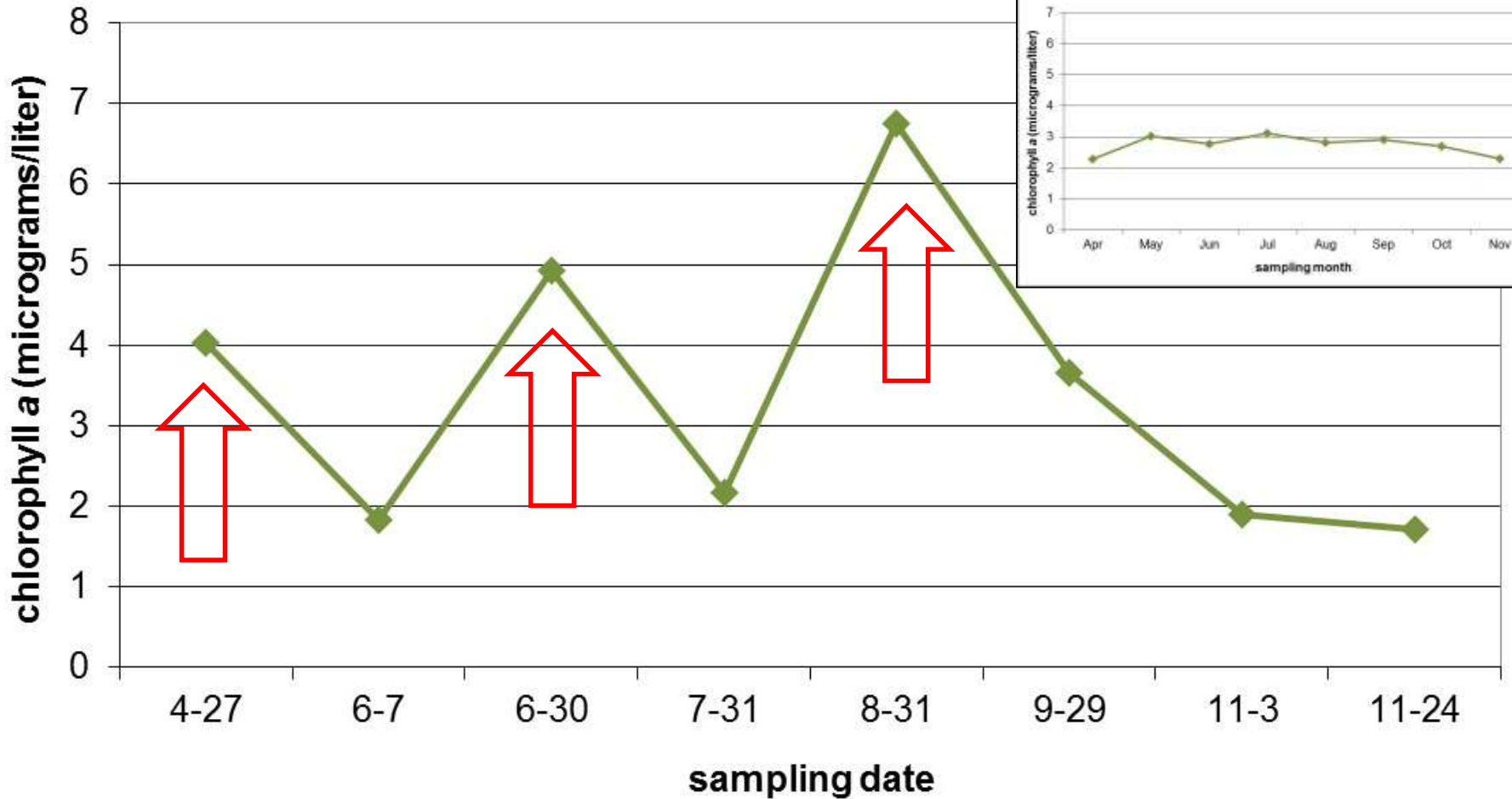
Long-term Mean Annual Water Clarity (1996-2017)



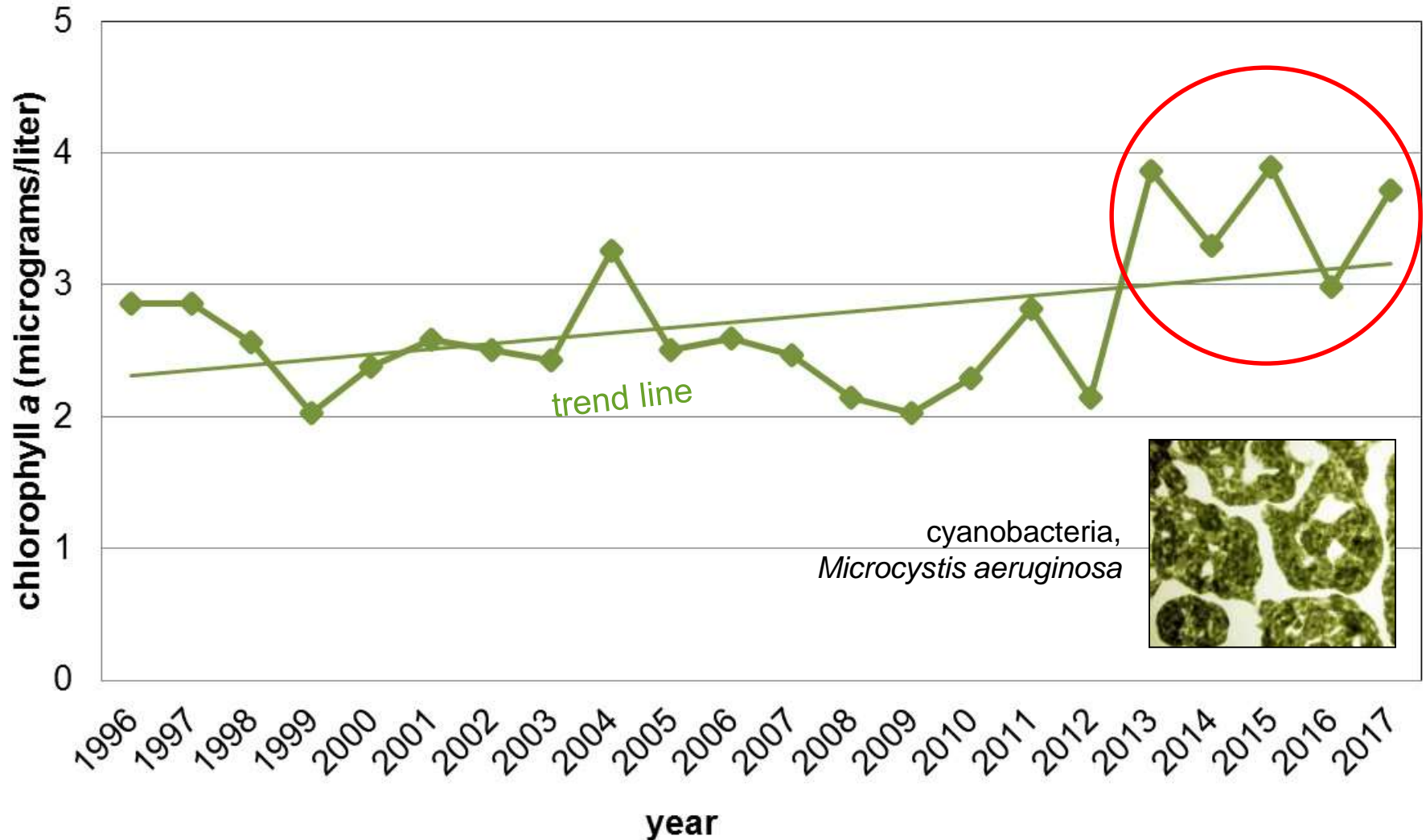
August Mean Water Clarity (1996-2017)



Mean Algal Abundance (2017)

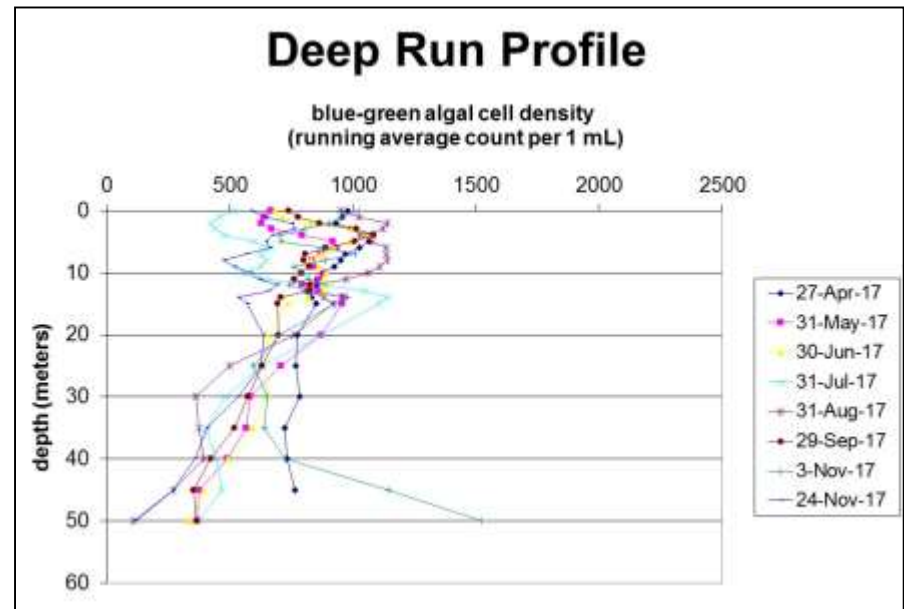
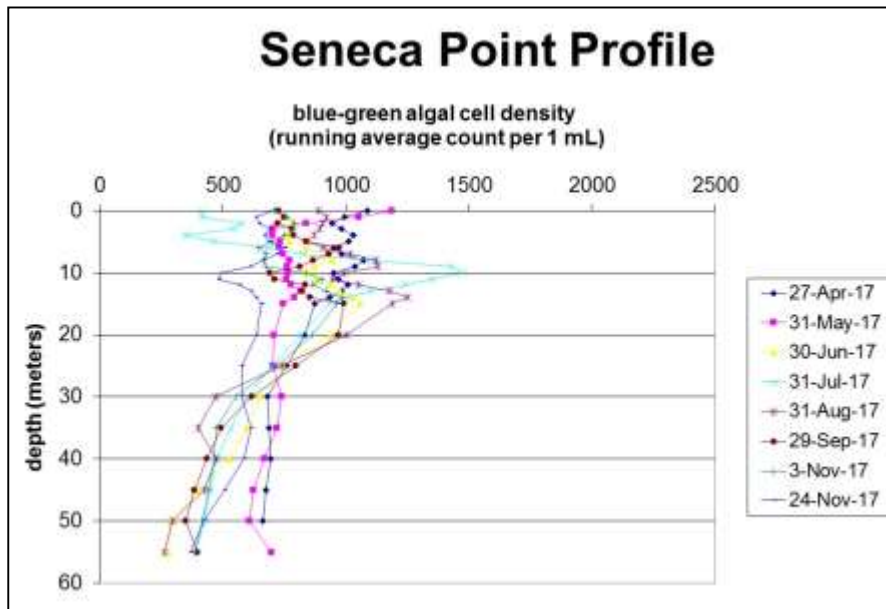


Long-term Mean Annual Algal Abundance (1996-2017)



Blue-green Algal Distribution

WHO lists low probability of health effects <20,000 cells/mL
(or 10 µg/L chlorophyll *a*, or 10 µg/L microcystin-LR)



modifying factors: time of day (diurnal behavior)
zooplankton herbivory
surface weather conditions
shoreline sites may be significantly higher

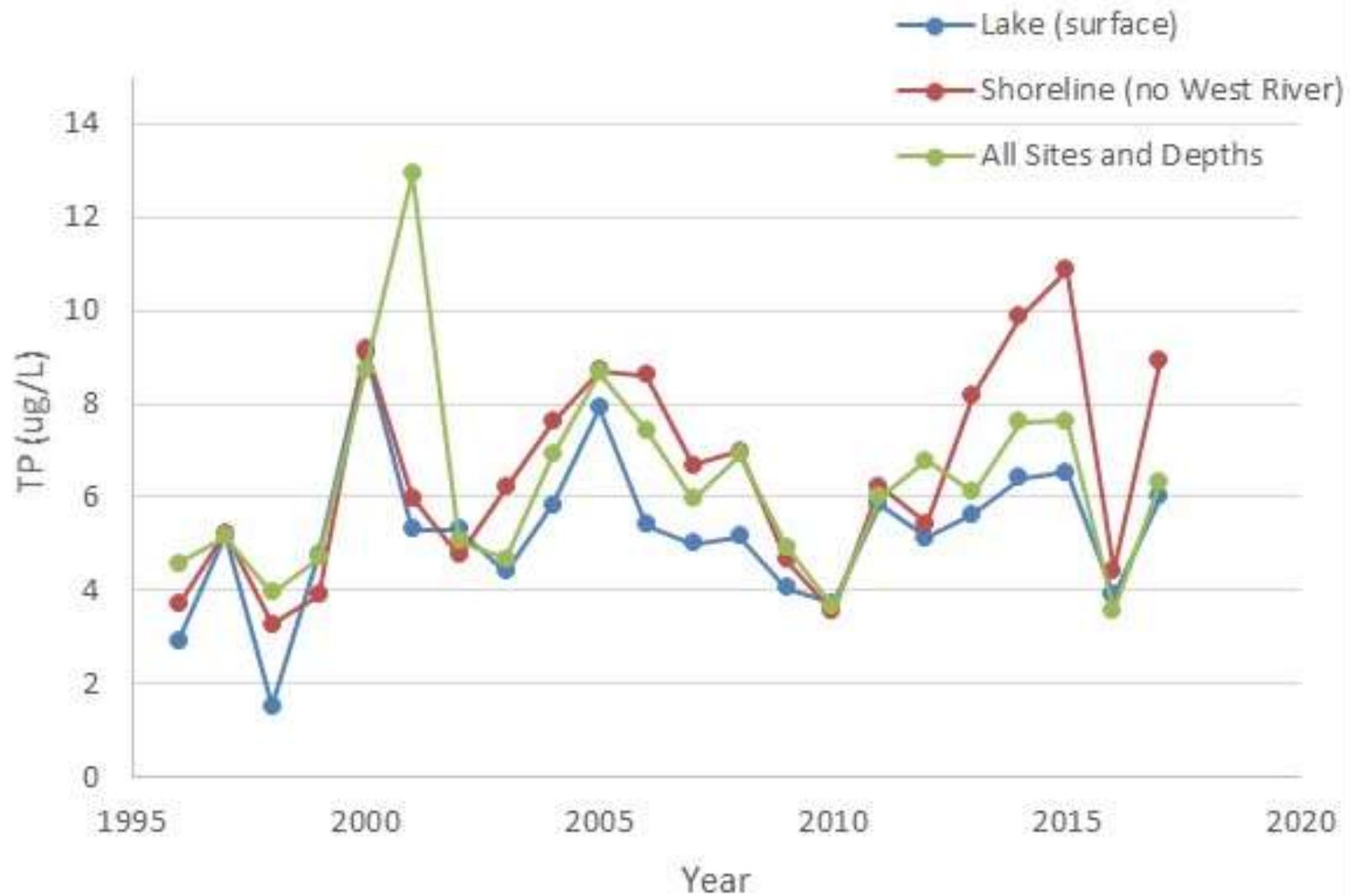
What affects algal abundance?

Nutrients – managing nutrients is complicated! We continue to monitor external loading of phosphorus and nitrogen, and total concentrations in the lake.

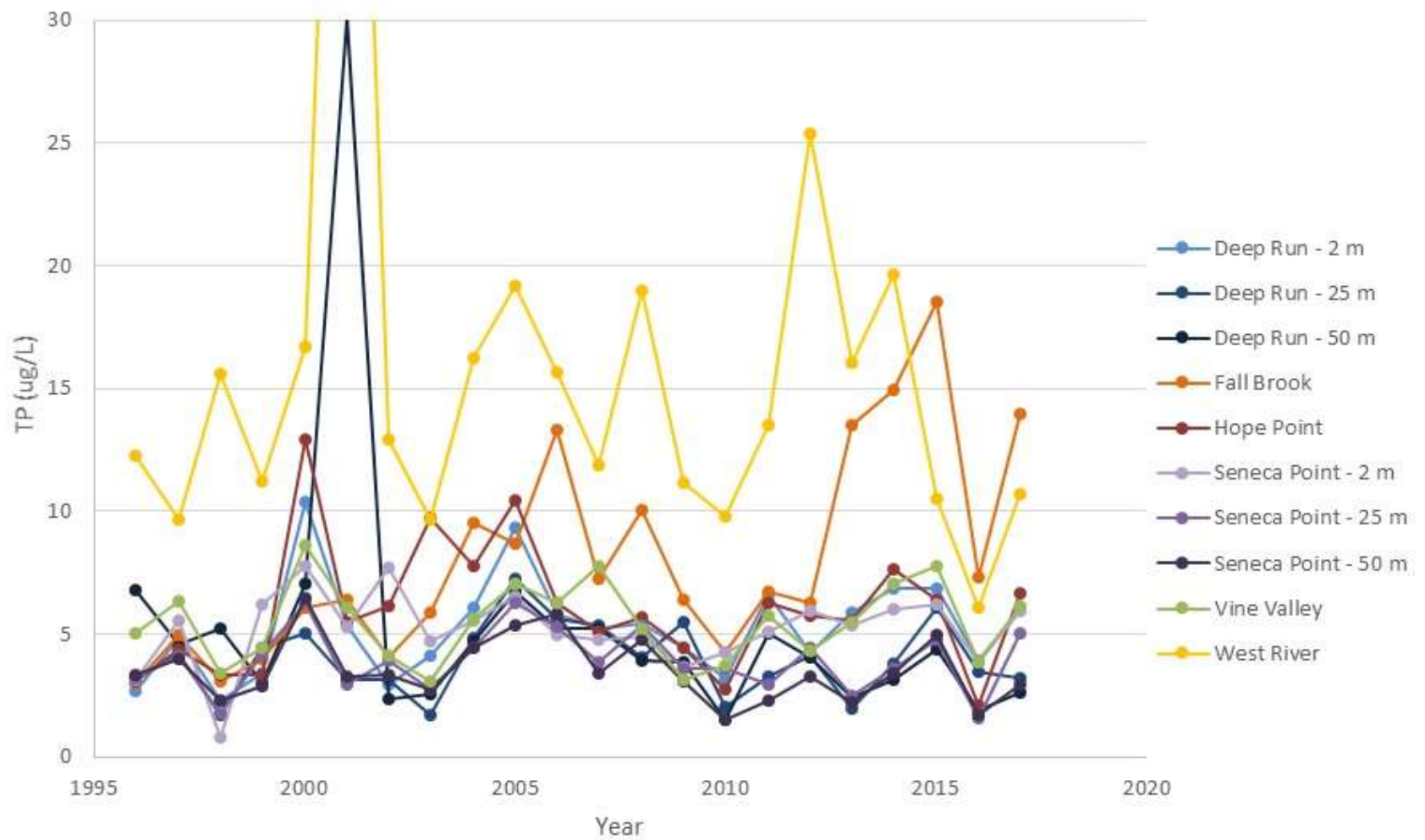
- Some sources of nutrients are “easily” managed
 - Effective watershed regulations may reduce external loading
- Other sources of nutrients “require higher levels of resource commitment and restoration/enhancement activities”
 - Intense storm events produce locally high nutrient runoff, leading to sub-watershed storm water management projects
- We are beginning to understand how biologically bound phosphorus affects the concentrations detected in the lake
 - Changing role of invasive quagga and zebra mussels living in the benthic zone of the lake



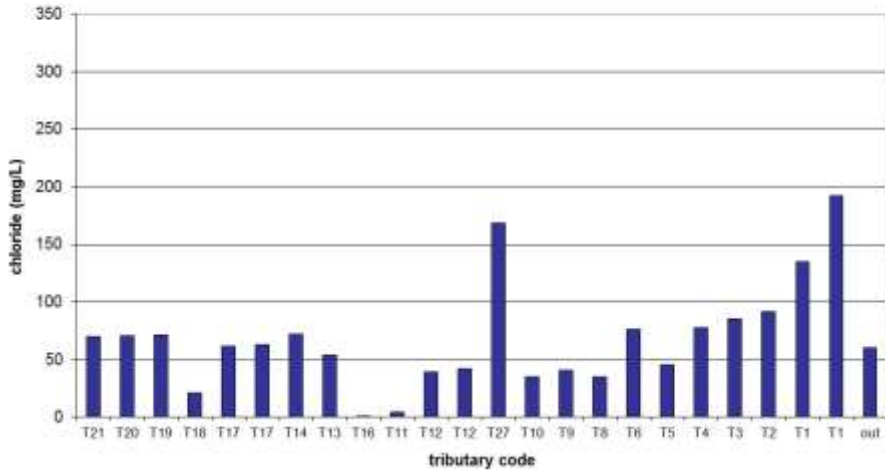
Mean Annual Total Phosphorus Concentrations



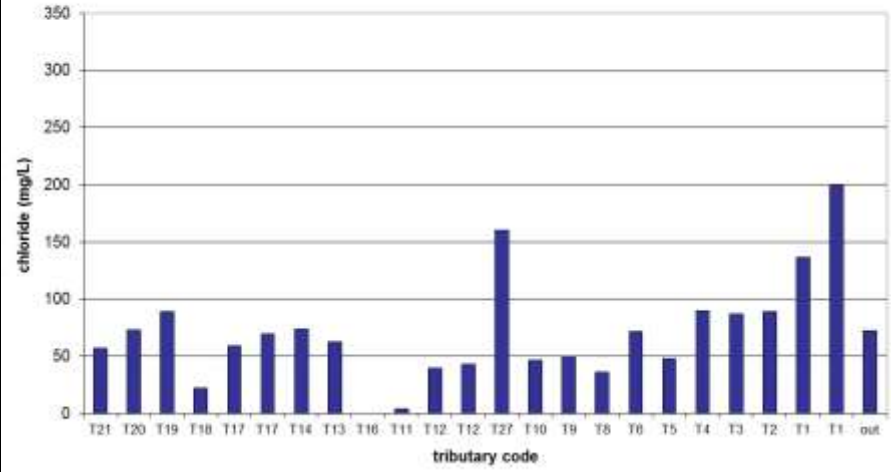
Mean Annual Total Phosphorus Concentration by Site and Depth



Tributary Chloride
Canandaigua Lake, 2-23-2017



Tributary Chloride
Canandaigua Lake, 2-26-2018

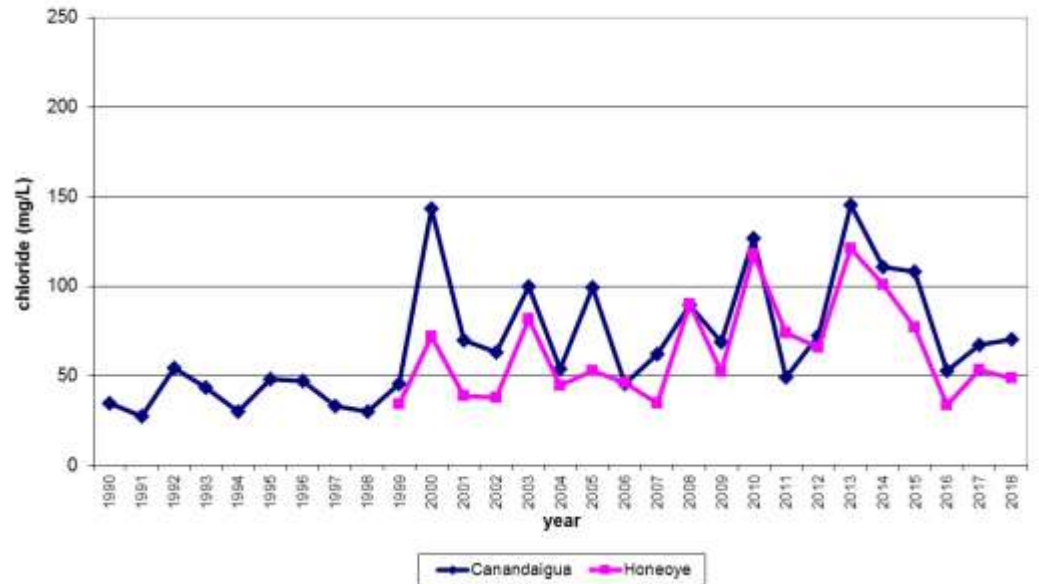


stream patterns reflect road mileage in sub-watershed

annual patterns reflect winter severity



Mean Tributary Chloride
Canandaigua Lake and Honeoye Lake (Years of Record)



An aerial photograph of a large body of water, likely a lake or reservoir, with a dense forested shoreline. The water is a deep green color, and the land is covered in lush green trees and some open fields. A white text box with a black border is overlaid on the upper right portion of the image.

Thank You!